



GrupoAmigo  
Yucatán

*PRIVATE*

TRADITIONAL

TOURS





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# CITY TOUR AT MÉRIDA

The beautiful city of Merida was founded by Francisco de Montejo, on January 6, 1542. This jewel of colonial architecture is known as the "White City". It is worthwhile to admire its mansions and monuments, its magnificent cathedral and other colonial buildings.





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# IZAMAL

## MAGIC TOWN

Izamal, the city of the "Three Cultures", is called that, because it brings together the Pre-Hispanic, Colonial and Contemporary stages.

Among its main attractions are the Franciscan Convent of San Antonio de Padua, the Museum of Popular Mexican Art and the Kinich Kak Mo pyramid, which translates as Fire Guacamaya.

It could be the oldest colonial city, within which five pyramids stand. It is considered a colonial jewel, since all its buildings are painted yellow and it is also a Marian Shrine, where the image of Our Lady of Izamal, Patron of all Yucatecans is found.





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# VALLADOLID

## MAGIC TOWN

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**The Heroic City of Valladolid was founded in 1543 by Francisco de Montejo and is currently the second most important city after Mérida.**

**Also known as "The Pearl of the West", its greatest beauty lies in colonial buildings and houses, its parks, cenotes, neighborhoods and churches that abound throughout the entire map.**

**Valladolid is an excellent destination with much to know.**





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# THE ROUTE OF THE YUCATÁN CONVENTS

The Route of the Yucatan Convents is an intriguing adventure that will take you to know the heart of Yucatan, its towns and convents, churches, cathedrals and colonial temples.

This tour is ideal for those who want to learn about the history and background of our state, since the arrival of the Franciscans in 1524 that began the evangelization and construction of many temples, convents and chapels that were built in Yucatán.





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# CELESTÚN

One of the main places of interest, without a doubt, visit the Rosa Flamenco Sanctuary, in the Ria Celestun Biosphere, one of the largest reserves of species and interdependent systems, such as dunes, petenes, low jungle and 4 of the 10 types of the mangroves that exist in the American continent.

About 350 species of forest and water birds can be seen in the place, such as hummingbirds, white-fronted frigatebirds, herons, potatoes and his majesty the Meco, as it is said in Mayan to the pink flamingo.



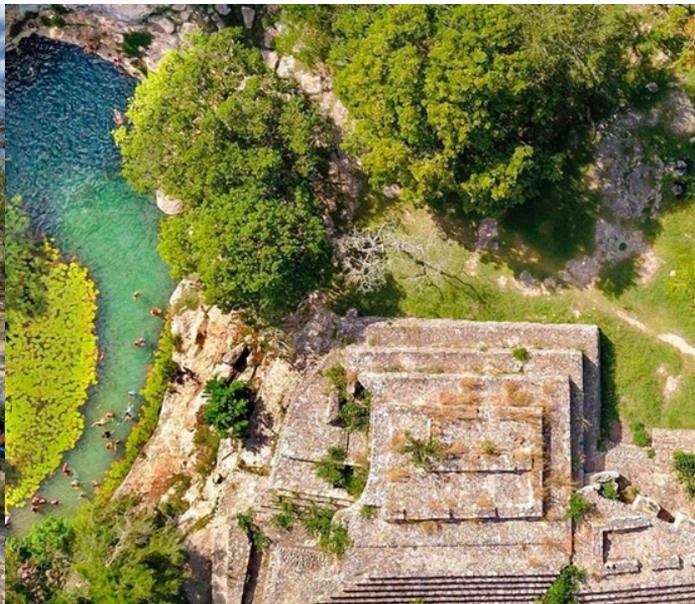


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# DZIBILCHALTÚN

Dzibilchaltun means "place where there are writings on flat stones". Considered one of the oldest cities, since some of the buildings date back to 500 BC, it was one of the most important cities in its splendor and had more than 8,000 structures, of which very few have been restored. In this place during the equinoxes, the sun can be seen at sunrise through the central door of the Temple of the Seven Dolls.

You can visit a small and interesting museum on the site, as well as the Cenote X'lacah which is an open type, that is, it does not have a cavern. Aproximate duration: between 4 and 5 hours.





# CHICHEN ITZÁ

## ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE

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The name of Chichén Itzá is interpreted as "Boca del pozo de los Itzaes". The tour will observe important buildings such as the Kukulcan pyramid, which was named one of the 7 New Wonders of the Modern World on July 7, 2007. It also visits the Ball Game, considered the largest in the Mayan world, the cenote sacred, and the Temple of the Thousand Columns.

This excursion can be combined with the Be Maya program and the Magical Town of Izamal.

This archaeological zone also has the light audio show "Noches de Kukulcan", based on the history of the Mayan culture. It does not operate on Mondays.



# KUKULKÁN NIGHTS

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Your visit to the archaeological site of Chichen Itza starts at the center of the site which is where the main buildings are located. Later you will enjoy Noches of Kukulcan, which is narration of the mayan history.



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# PUUC

## ROUTE

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The Puuc Route is a journey through the Mayan culture in Yucatan. It begins exactly 80 kilometers south of the City of Merida in the archaeological zone of Uxmal.

In this route, also known as the mountainous or mound route, you can also see the archaeological sites of Kabah, Sayil, Labna, the caves of Loltun and the town of Tekax.





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# UXMAL

## ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE

**Uxmal in the Mayan language means "three times built." It is located 62 kilometers from the city of Merida and is considered one of the most representative cities of the Mayan culture.**

**The most important buildings that you will visit are the Pyramid of the FortUNETeller, the Quadrangle of the Nuns, the Ball Game and the Governor's Palace.**

**At night time this beautiful site narrates the history of Uxmal and various Mayan legends.**





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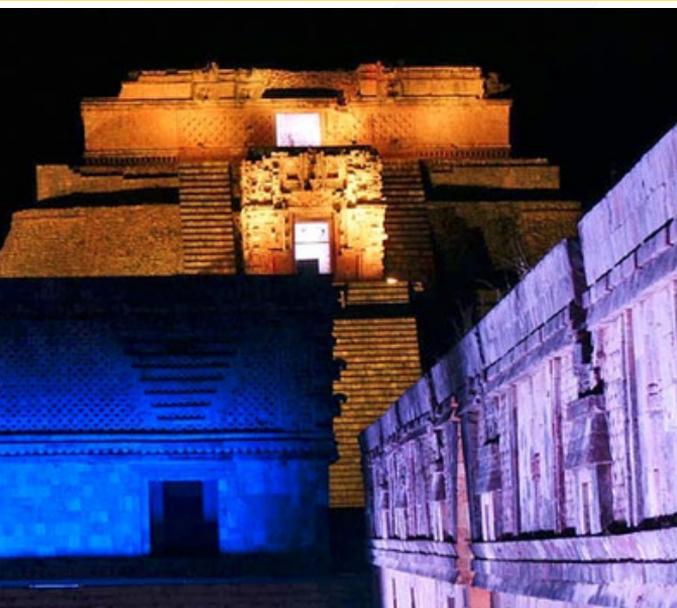
# UXMAL

## SPECTACLE OF LIGHT

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In this archaeological site at night, they present the spectacle of light and sound in the parts of the history of Uxmal and various Mayan legends.

The show of light and sound lasts approximately 45 minutes.





# KABAH **ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE**

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**Just for the quality of its monuments, Kabah - a word that means "lord of the powerful hand" - can be considered one of the most important settlements in the Puuc area.**

**Although only some of its structures have been explored, such as the Palace and the Codz Poop, these are of such complexity that they indicate that Kabah was a city comparable to Uxmal, with which it is linked by a sacbé, "path", of 18 km in length.**



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# EK BALAM

## ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE

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The archaeological site of Ek Balam (of the Maya: black jaguar). It's a different site to all the Maya area, it does not look like any other known archaeological site. In its main pyramid you will discover an enormous sculpture with the open jaws of a monstrous animal.

The mysteries of this place make it one of the most important in the Yucatan.

This excursion can be combined with the Archaeological site of Chichen Itza, the Xcanche cenote and the Magical Town of Valladolid.





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# YUCATÁN TREASURES

## MAYAPÁN AND CENOTE MUCUYCHÉ

**This tour combines a couple of the most beautiful treasures of Yucatan where culture and adventure are combined.**

**The archaeological site of Mayapán which is known as the small Chichén Itzá is the ideal place to enjoy peacefully and thus be able to know the history and take pictures that will become great memories of your visit.**

**After this tour we will embark on the road to Hacienda Mucuyché where you can enjoy a pair of crystalline cenotes which are connected to a channel surrounded by the characteristic vegetation of this area.**





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# AKÉ ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE

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**Aké means "place of vines" which is a climbing plant that was abundant in this place. The most important characteristic of this archaeological zone is that it had roads that reached other nearby places in the town, such as Telchac, Izamal, among others.**

**These roads are called "sacbé" or white road and our Mayan ancestors built them because in addition to linking the main cities of the Peninsula.**



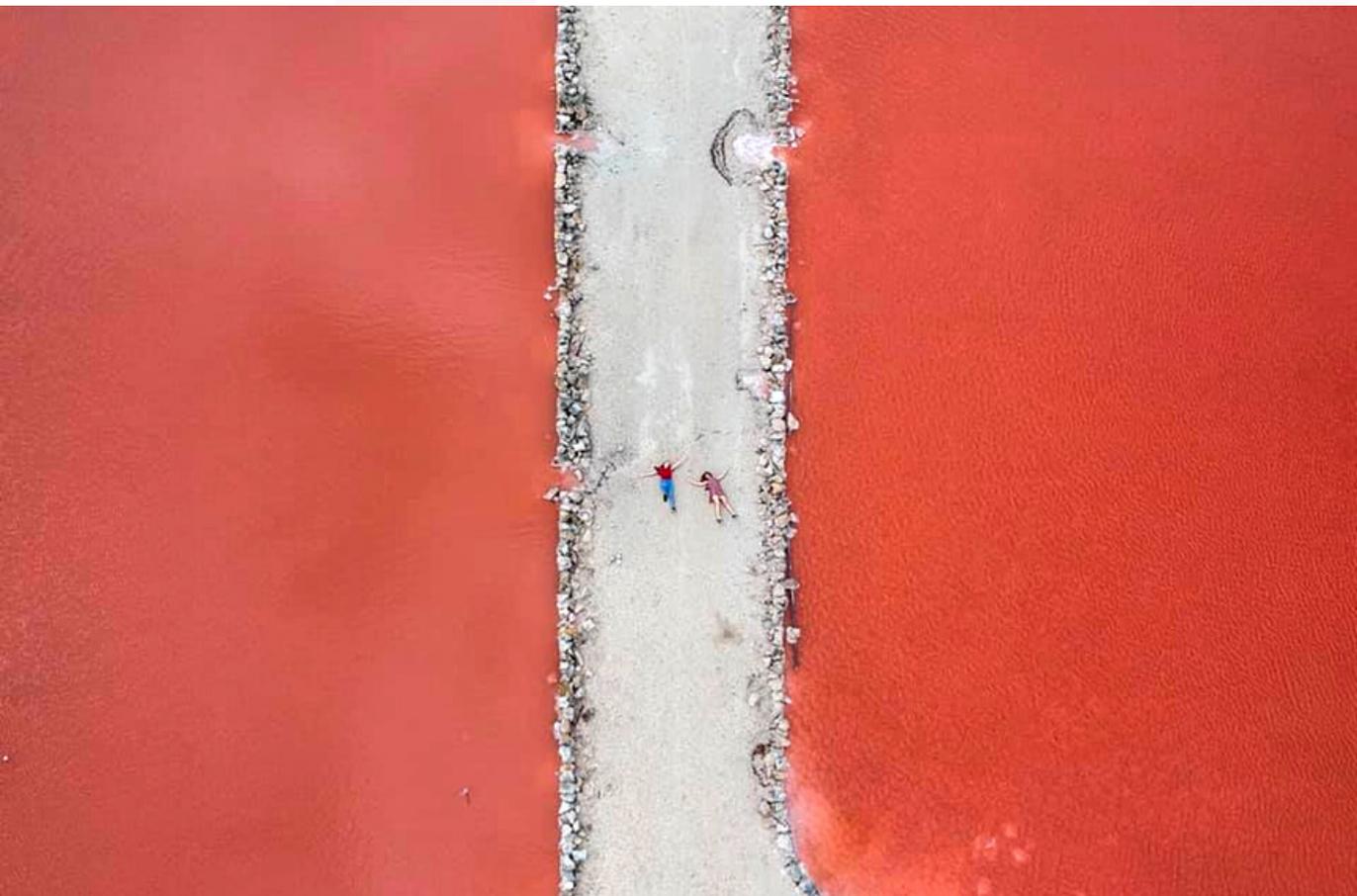
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# X'CAMBÓ **ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE**

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**The Archaeological Site of Xcambó is located about 50 minutes from the City of Mérida and in it you can find a main square where the largest buildings are located. In this Mayan Archaeological Site, as in Dzibilchaltún, we find a chapel that was built within the archaeological site in the middle of the last century dedicated to the virgin that according to the inhabitants were there.**



# SALINERA DE XTAMPÚ

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Just a few minutes from the archaeological zone of Xcambó, the Salt Pools as they were colloquially known now renamed Salineras de Xtampú, are fields of salt cultivation located in the municipality of Dzemul on the central coast of the State of Yucatán in the south of Mexico.

Las Charcas de Sal is the perfect place to learn about the artisanal process about the cultivation and harvesting of salt, the extraction of salt in this region of Yucatan dates back to the time of the ancient Mayan ancestors.



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# LIVING HACIENDA

## SOTUTA DE PEÓN

Join us in an interesting journey to the past, in the heart of the ancient henequen area of Yucatan.

The portal is the hacienda, its henequen estates and its machinery operating at the same pace as over one hundred years ago, the house museum that leads us to a time of splendor in history, its magnificent garden and its wind vane that sings with the sound of the cenote water that is under the house and that connects, tell the legends, with the cenote Dzul Ha, mirror of fresh and crystalline water.





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# CENOTES AT HOMÚN

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The town of Homun is in one of the main areas of the cenote's region, for this reason it is possible to find them of several types; all with transparent waters, and of various colors.

In Homun you can also visit its church and colonial convent and the traditional life of a Yucatecan people. The main cenotes to visit are Santa Rosa, Santa Maria, Yaxbakaltún, Balmil and Tza Ujun Ka, of which you can enjoy in the crystal-clear waters.





# HACIENDA AND CENOTE MUCUYCHÉ

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**Ex Hacienda henequenera located in Mucuyché ("tree of the turtledove"), to the south of the entity. Surprise yourself with the splendor of its partially restored buildings, but the most impressive are the cenotes that it houses: Cenote Carlota, with a canal surrounded by vegetation; and Cenote Azul, a cavern type with stalactites still forming, two wonders that you can visit in Yucatan.**

**Do not miss the opportunity to visit these wonderful natural beauties that we have for you.**



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# CITY TOUR AT CAMPECHE

Campeche, a walled city and an old strategic port that made possible the exchange of goods between New Spain, the Old World and the rest of America.

The Spanish settlers turned Campeche into one of the most imposing walled cities of the American territory, endowed with a rich legacy in its interior, made up of temples, squares and elegant Spanish style mansions that are preserved to this day and are the reason why this city has been declared a World Heritage Site.





# LIGHT & SOUND SHOW AT THE MURALLAS PUERTA DE TIERRA

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The Puerta de Tierra is a military construction that was used to defend the access by land to the city from any angle. The wall is delimited by a pit and has embrasures from which firearms were fired. It has annexed rooms which were occupied by the head of the guard and the troops in turn. In the upper part of the Gate it has a defense system where the enemy was attacked in case of gaining access.

La Puerta de Tierra has a light and sound show called "The place of the sun" that is presented on Thursdays, Fridays, Saturdays and Sundays at 20:00 and lasts about 60 minutes. The spectator moves to the colonial era in which the peasants fought and fought fiercely against pirate attacks.



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# EDZNÁ **ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE**

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The archaeological site of Edzná is located 55 km southeast of the city of Campeche. The meaning of its name is "house of the Itzáes" Mayan word that means wise or sorcerer of the water. During the Classic period (300 - 900 AD) it became one of the most powerful state cities of the northern Maya lands. It was at this time when many of the buildings that can be seen on the site today were built.

You can also enjoy an unparalleled light and sound show in this enigmatic archaeological zone, where the darkness and silence of the night break before the brightness of the illuminated Great Acropolis, listening to its history and its legends with a mixture of the mystical environment that surrounds it.



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# ISLA CONTOY

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Isla Contoy National Park is a protected area and natural refuge for birds, both endemic and migratory. Being a base zone in the Caribbean Sea, it also functions as a courtship and nesting center, which includes other ecosystems due to its marine and terrestrial richness.

This natural space, located north of Isla Mujeres, is a good example of discipline and work in favor of ecology. Learn about the most important achievements of its self-sustaining station!





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# ISLA MUJERES

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Isla Mujeres is a Magical Town with a romantic and relaxed atmosphere, with a great natural wealth, Mayan vestiges and Caribbean culture.

It is located in the Caribbean Sea, very close to the Yucatan Peninsula, southeast of Mexico. In pre-Hispanic times, the island was consecrated to Ixchel, the Mayan goddess of the Moon, love and fertility, who received offerings in female forms that believers deposited on its beaches.



# HOLBOX

Holbox is a small tourist island located in the northern part of the state of Quintana Roo, peculiar for its white sand streets and traditional dishes, for its strategic location on the limits of the Caribbean Sea and the Gulf of Mexico, its waters rich in phytoplankton and other small Crustaceans make it a natural sanctuary for the whale shark, with swimming with the whale shark being one of the main recreational activities on the island.





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# BACALAR

Bacalar or Laguna de los Siete Colores, is a lagoon located in the state of Quintana Roo and is very close to Chetumal, the capital of that state. The Mayan word Bakh'alal means "near or surrounded by reeds."

Circular in shape, the lagoon is shallow, and you can swim the whole day, around it are established both private houses and small inns that allow, according to different rates, to swim in the lagoon and if you wish to spend the night, either in a room or camping.





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# RÍO SECRETO

Río Secreto is a journey through a glass museum, whose formations tell the geological history of the earth, and without a doubt a life transforming experience.

A natural place twenty-five meters underground that impacts reality surrounded by an environment with thousands of years of life. Wonderful space where centenary stalactites brush your head and stalagmites mark an incredible path.





# THE UNDERWATER MUSEUM OF ART IN CANCÚN

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The Underwater Museum of Art in Cancun or MUSA is the work of the English sculptor Jason DeCaires Taylor, who has deposited an extraordinary museum at the western tip of Quintana Roo National Park that is already recognized as the largest underwater museum in the world.

A tour of the Cancun Underwater Museum of Art is a good alternative, especially if you like to practice diving or snorkeling.



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# XCARET PARK

Enjoy an unforgettable experience that includes shows, exquisite cuisine and the joy of a country that welcomes you with open arms!

Delve into the trails of Xcaret to discover how the Mayan jungle and the culture of Mexico combine in more than 50 exciting attractions.





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# XEL-HÁ PARK

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Xel-Há is a true paradise for nature lovers and a spectacular natural aquarium. It is located in the Riviera Maya, in Quintana Roo, Mexico, and since 1995 it is a model of sustainable tourism use, with unique attractions for the whole family.

The ancient Mayans baptized this wonderful site with the name of Xel-Há, which in the Mayan language means "Where the water is born".



# XCARET NIGHTS

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Follow the scent of copal to the Mayan Town, where Pre-Hispanic Dances celebrate the arrival of night.

Later, admire the Equestrian Show, in which charros and Adelitas show their skills on magnificent Aztec horses.

To finish, get excited with Xcaret México Espectacular, history and folklore represented by more than 300 artists on the stage of Gran Tlachco. Live Xcaret at night.





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# XOXIMILCO

Xoximilco is from start to finish the best and most traditional Mexican party in Cancun, where you cannot miss food, tequila and mariachi.

A park to have fun with family and friends in a traditional kermés and then tackle picturesque trajineras and continue the party along incredible scenarios enjoying the exquisite flavors of our gastronomy accompanied by live music, dancing, laughter and an entertainer who enlivens the party .

Toast, dance and sing with rhythms from all over Mexico in a night full of joy, culture and tradition.



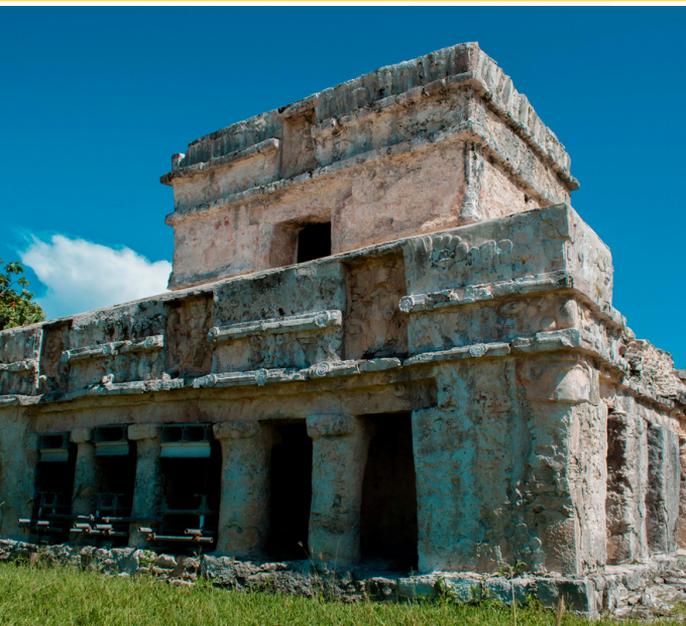


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# TULUM

## ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE

Declared as World Heritage Site by UNESCO, one of the essential sites in Tulum are its Mayan ruins, located on a cliff facing the Caribbean Sea; In the warm starry nights and in the clear turquoise waters you will find the only archaeological site that is located on the seafont.





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# COBÁ

## ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE

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The archaeological zone of Cobá is located 215 kilometers from Mérida and is considered one of the largest Mayan cities of the Classic Period. The meaning of Cobá, is translated into Spanish as "water stirred by the wind."

Deep in the jungle, this well-preserved Mayan city remains. Its old buildings are immersed in vegetation and, when you have the opportunity to walk among them, it immediately transports you to another era.

